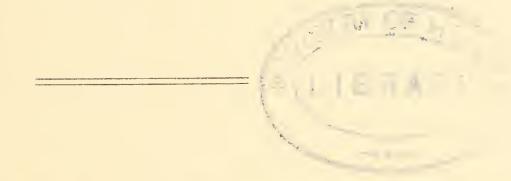
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URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

OF

NEWBIGGIN-BY-THE-SEA



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

For the Year 1953

John Wilkinson (Printers) Ltd., Ashington 1954

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URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

OF

NEWBIGGIN-BY-THE-SEA

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

For the Year 1953



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

For 1953

To the Chairman and Members of the Urban District Council of Newbiggin-by-the-Sea.

Mr. Chairman and Councillors,

I have pleasure in presenting to you my Annual Report for 1953.

The vital statistics remain substantially the same. There was a slight rise in the birth rate and a slight fall in the death rate. Both rates are higher than those for the country as a whole. The total number of infant deaths was 6, the same as in the previous year, but the infantile mortality rate was slightly lower because of the larger total number of live births.

It is pleasant to be able to report that no death occurred, during the year, from any form of Tuberculosis and only three new cases of the disease, two respiratory and one non-respiratory, were notified. The incidence of other notifiable infectious diseases remained very low.

The number of deaths from malignant neoplasms also showed a substantial decrease and the death rate from this cause was 1.51 per 1,000 of the population, as compared with 2.25 in 1952.

The total number of new houses completed was again 80, and the completion of the privy conversion and water supply schemes at North Seaton Colliery marks a great improvement in the living conditions of the people there.

In conclusion, I wish to thank members of the council and the staffs of the Health and other departments for the consideration and assistance they have given me.

I have the honour to be,

Your Obedient Servant,

C. B. McGregor, M.B., D.P.H.,

Medical Officer of Health, Urban District of Newbiggin-by-the-Sea.

URBAN DISTRICT OF NEWBIGGIN-BY-THE-SEA

OFFICERS OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Medical Officer of Health				Catherine B. McGregor, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.
Assistant Medical Officer				Kathleen Dick, M.B., B.S., B.Hy., D.P.H.
Surveyor and Sanitary Inspector				H. Selby Robson, M.R.S.I.
Offices of the U.D.C				Council Offices, Front Street, Newbiggin.
Telephone				Newbiggin 350.
Offices of the M.O.H	• • •			146 Station Road, Ashington.
Telephone		• • •		Ashington 2287.
Residence of the M.O.H			• • •	36 Churchburn Drive, Morpeth.
Telephone				Morpeth 519.
Residence of the A.M.O.H.				21 Kendor Grove, Morpeth.
Telephone				Morpeth 647.

SECTION A

Newbiggin-by-the-Sea Urban District has an area of 1,841 acres, lying to the north of the River Wansbeck and bounded on the east by the sea, on the north by Morpeth Rural District and on the north and west by Ashington Urban District.

The main industry is coal-mining, which is carried out at two pits, one situated at Newbiggin and

the other at North Seaton Colliery.

Some of the population are employed in agriculture and a few in fishing.

There is a fine sandy beach, which is popular with holiday-makers from Ashington and elsewhere. The Council owns tennis-courts and bowling greens and there is a golf-course on the links to the north-east

of the town and adjoining the fore-shore.

A stretch of moor near the Church Point has, for many years, been used for holiday camping and it is hoped that a properly laid out and controlled camping site may be established there. The position is suitable and such a camp, situated as it would be, close to the sea and the sands and yet near to shops would attract many visitors.

STATISTICS	AND SC	CIAL	CON	NDITI	ONS	OF	THE	AREA	
Area in Acres Registrar-General's o	estimate of F	 Residen	 t Рорі	 ılation	 mid-1	9 5 3	• • •	• • •	1,841 9,917
Rateable Value	•••			• • •	• • •		• • •	£	42,388
One Penny Rate Number of inhabited	haveas (and	 1 of 10	53)	• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •	£151
runiber of innabiled	`		·	 TIST	···	• • •	* * *		2,879
	V	ITAL	31 <i>E</i> SIRTH		ICS.				
LIVE BIRTHS:		D		15	Total		Ma	le	Female
Legitimate	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				163		89		74
Illegitimate	• • • • • • •				7		4		3
				-	170		93		77
	000 (.1	. 0	1 .	-	1	•			17 14
Crude Birth Rate per 1 Standard Birth Rate (Cr								• • •	. 17.14 . 17.48
STILL BIRTHS:	dde Diffi IX	ale x C	om par	abiiiiy	Total	1 1.02	Ma	 le	Female
Legitimate	• • • • • • •	• • •			5		3		2
Illegitimate	• • •		• • •		1		0		1
,					6		3		3
Rate per 1,000 of the t	otal (live and	d still)	births					`	. 34.09
Rate per 1,000 of total							• • •		0.60
		DE	EATH	IS					
	Tota		Male	F	emale				
	1,000 (.1		57		52				10.00
Crude Death Rate per Standard Death Rate (C									10.99
Deaths from Puerpers									
*	,	.,			3		Rat	e per 1,	,000 total
D	V 1			Death	ns		(live		ill) births
Pregnancy, Childbirth, A Death Rate of Infants under 1 y			• • •	1				5.6	5
All infants per 1,000 liv	re births								35.29
Legitimate infants per 1,	000 legitima	nte live	births						36.81
Illegitimate infants per 1,	000 illegitim	ate live	e births	3			• • • •		
Deaths from Cancer (all Deaths from Measles (all	ages)				• • •			•••	15 Nil
Deaths from Whooping	Cough (all	ages)							Nil
Deaths from Diarrhoea (u Deaths of infants under 4 weeks	ınder 2 years	s) .			• • •	• • •	• • • •		Nil
or maranto dilder i weeks	or ago .—			P	Total		Male	e	Female
Legitimate	•••	• • •	• • •		4		3		1

	CAUSES	OF	DE	CATH	H, 10	953			Male	Female
1	Tuberculosis, Respiratory									
2.	Tuberculosis (other forms)									
3.	Syphilitic Disease									
4.	Diphtheria				• • •.					
5.	Whooping Cough									
6.	Meningococcal Infections								—	
7.	Acute Poliomyelitis	•							—	
8.	Measles									
9.	Other Infective and Parasitic Disea	ses								_
10.	Malignant Neoplasm, stomach							• • •	1	2
11.	Malignant Neoplasm, lung, bronch						• • •	• • •		1
12.	1 ,	•					• • •	• • •		2
13.	Malignant Neoplasm, uterus			• • •			• • •			2
14.	Other Malignant and Lymphatic N	Veop.	lasms		• • •		• • •		6	ŀ
15.			• • •			• • •		• • •		
16.	Diabetes				• • •	4	• • •	• • •	15	15
17.	Vascular Lesions of Nervous System			• • •			• • •	• • •		
18.	Coronary Disease, Angina		• • •			• •	• • •	• • •	9	2
19.	Hypertension with Heart Disease		• • •	• • •			• • •	• • •	1.4	15
20.	Other Heart Disease						• • •	• • •	14	15
21.	Other Circulatory Disease		• • •		• • •		• • •	• • •	ŀ	
22.	Influenza			• • •		• • •		• • •	2	2
23.	Pneumonia				• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	2	$\frac{2}{2}$
24.	Bronchitis			• • •)	2
25.	Other Diseases of Respiratory Systematical Systems of Respiratory Systems (1997)			• • •			• • •	• • •		
26.	Ulcer of Stomach or Duodenum			• • •	• • •	• • •				
27.	Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	* * *		1
28.	Nephritis and Nephrosis	•		• • •			• • •	• • •	1	ı
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate			• • •		• • •			ŀ	1
30.	Pregnancy. Childbirth, Abortion					• • •	• • •			ı
31.	Congenital Malformations		• • •	• • •		• • •			4	3
32.	Other Defined and Ill-defined Disea	ases	• • •	• • •					7	
33.	Motor Vehicle Accidents	•			• • •		• • •		1	1
34.	All other Accidents	•		• • •		• • •		• • •	ı	1
35.	Suicide					• • •		• • •		
36.	Homicide and Operations of War			• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •		
									57	52
Deat	hs of Infants under 1 year:—								Male	Female
	Legitimate	•							5	1
	Illegitimate	•		• • •					-	
									5	1
									J	

CHIEF CAUSES OF DEATH IN NEWBIGGIN

				Total No.	% of Total Deaths
Diseases of Heart and Circulation	 	 0 0 6	5 0 0	42	38.53
Vascular Lesions of Nervous System				30	27.52
Malignant Neoplasms	 	 		15	13.76

INFANTILE MORTALITY, 1953

Haemolytic o	lisease of		Under 1 day		1-2 wks.	2-3 wks.	3-4 wks.	Total under 1 mth.	1-3 mths.	3-6 mths.	6-9 mths.	9-12 mths.	Total under I year
Delta	newborn	ı	1		-			1	*************	-		-	1
Birth Injury				2			***************************************	2	-				2
Bronchitis			-			***************************************			1	1		-	2
Pneumonia	• • •						1	1		AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	***************************************	*	1
			1	2			1	4	1	1			6

SECTION B

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

LABORATORY FACILITIES

These are provided by the Public Health Laboratory Service in the laboratory situated at Newcastle General Hospital. The extent to which the facilities have been utilised is shown below:—

Specimen se Regional Hospital Boa	nt by .rd Ch	est		Specimen	Pos.	Neg.
	P	nysicia	n	Sputum for B. Tuberculosis	5	54
General Practitioners				Swabs for Haem. Streptococcus		4
General Practitioners				Swabs for C. Diphtheriae		4
General Practitioners	• • •			Swabs for Vincent's Angina	1	3
General Practitioners				Blood for agglutination test		1
General Practitioners Medical Officer of Hea	 l+b			Faeces for pathogenic organisms		1
Regional Hospital Boar		 vsician	• • •	do do	1	
Medical Officer of Hea	alth			Pie for food-poisoning organisms		1

AMBULANCE FACILITIES

The ambulance service in Newbiggin is provided by the Northumberland County Council, with ambulances stationed at Ashington. At North Seaton Colliery the Miners' Welfare Committee continues to run its own ambulance service, but any North Seaton resident not entitled to this service can obtain the use of a County Council ambulance when necessary.

NURSING IN THE HOME

This service is administered and provided by the Northumberland County Council, and nurses are stationed as follows:—

Newbiggin ... 3
North Seaton ... 1

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE SERVICES

These are provided by the County Council and clinics are held at the Child Welfare Centre, Jubilee Terrace, Newbiggin, as follows:—

Child Welfare Clinic ... Every Thursday, morning and afternoon.

Diphtheria Immunisation ... Wednesday morning, at 4-weekly intervals.

Ante-natal Clinic ... Every Tuesday afternoon.

Clinics are also held at 18 High Double Row, North Seaton Colliery, as follows:—
Child Welfare Clinics ... Every Monday afternoon.
Ante-Natal Clinic ... Friday afternoon, fortnightly.

SECTION C

WATER

The water undertaking in the Urban District is the property of Tynemouth Corporation, which now supplies all houses in the area, with the exception of 18 at North Seaton Village which are still supplied with water from North Seaton Colliery and are served by standpipes.

By the end of the year, internal taps and wash-up sinks had been installed in 327 houses at North Seaton Colliery and these houses, together with the 40 modern colliery houses in Wansbeck Street and Sea

View, are now supplied by Tynemouth Corporation.

All houses in the district, with the exception of the 18 mentioned above, now have internal taps.

The water is soft and of a high bacteriological standard, but is very brown during periods of wet weather.

SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL

The sewerage scheme at North Seaton Colliery was completed in 1953 and by the end of the year 327 privy middens had been abolished and an equal number of water closets provided in their place.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

The new public convenience on the promenade was completed in 1953 and was opened early in the summer. This makes the fourth convenience in Newbiggin, the other three being situated at Bridge Street, Milburn Park and Prospect Place, respectively. The Prospect Place convenience is much used by campers on the moor and, at the height of the summer season, is inadequate to provide for the needs of all the visitors. A nuisance is, in fact, created by its excessive use and this is undoubtedly due to the large numbers permitted by the Freeholders of Newbiggin to camp on the moor. Prolonged negotiations between the Council and the Freeholders have failed to induce the latter to meet their responsibility in this matter, in spite of a generous offer by the Council to assist with the cost of enlarging the sanitary accommodation. The situation will be closely watched during the summer of 1954 and the Council will take prompt action if the nuisance recurs.

PUBLIC CLEANSING

All scavenging is carried out by direct labour by means of three motor-driven cleansing vehicles. All ashbins are emptied twice weekly.

REFUSE TIPS

Refuse from Newbiggin is deposited at the Blue Holes tip, where controlled tipping came into operation during the year. Refuse from North Seaton is deposited on the tip at the foot of Sandy Lane.

SHOPS AND OFFICES

Shops and food premises continued to receive attention whenever possible, but, owing to the lack of a full-time Sanitary Inspector, much less could be done than was desirable.

SWIMMING BATHS AND POOLS

There are no swimming baths in the area.

ERADICATION OF BED BUGS

Four Council houses and twelve private houses were found to be infested during the year and were disinfected by means of "Pyragra" applied by a pressure spray. This work was carried out by Council workmen.

SCHOOLS

Number of schools i	n the c	listric	t:		
Newbiggin					3 Council Schools (modern, junior and infant).
* 1011 2 200					1 Church of England School (junior and infant).
North Seaton					2 Council Schools (mixed and infant).
All have main water	supply	and	water	carriage	system of sewage disposal.

RODENT CONTROL

Sewers were baited regularly; business premises and houses on receipt of complaints,

CAMPING SITES

Newbiggin moor near the Church Point has for many years been used as a camping site for tents and caravans. The position is very suitable for this purpose, but lack of control by the owners of the site has frequently resulted in the creation of a nuiance.

Too many people are allowed on the site at one time and the Freeholders have failed to provide any amenities such as an adequate water supply andmeans of disposal of refuse and sewage. The Council is determined that this nuisance must not be permitted to recur.

SANITARY INSPECTOR'S ANNUAL REPORT — Year ending 31st December, 1953

	No. of Inspections during year	No. of Defects or Contraventions of Bye-laws.	No. of Informal Notices served	Defects remedied by Informal Action	No. of Statutory Notices served	Defects remedied by Statutory Action	Legal Proceedings
HOUSING Structural Defects Defective Food Store Dampness Overcrowding	97	47 14 13	10	47 10			
WATER SUPPLY Insufficient Unsatisfactory	379	_		379			_
DRAINAGE Insufficient Defective	347	- 20	20	327 18	2		
SANITARY CONVENIENCES Insufficient Defective	356	327 29	_	327 29			_
Dairies Food Premises Shops Acts Slaughterhouses Tents, Vans, etc. Offensive Trades Factories and Workplaces Keeping of Animals Insanitary Ashpits and Bins Offensive Accumulations Smoke Nuisances	12 30 14 31 21 5 327 8 1	10 1 31 1 1 19 8	10 1 - 1 1 19 8 -	10 1 ——————————————————————————————————			
Total	1628	521	70	1177	2	2	- estressionalistical reconstruction of the control

SUMMARY OF WORK EFFECTED

	By Informal Action	By Statutory Notice	Total
SANITARY CONVENIENCES Privies and Privy ashpits abolished Privies and Privy ashpits repaired Pail-Closets abolished Water Closets provided Number of above for which grant was given P.H.A., 1936, S. 47	327 2 — 327 325		$ \begin{array}{r} 327 \\ 2 \\ \hline 327 \\ 327 \\ 325 \\ \end{array} $
Sanitary Bins provided Sanitary Bins renewed	407 19		407 19
DRAINAGE New drains constructed Drains repaired or reconstructed Additional gullies provided Old gullies replaced Scullery sinks provided Scullery waste-pipes repaired Scullery waste-pipes trapped Yards repaired or reconstructed	407 18 425 19 327 19 19	2 2 2 —	407 20 427 19 327 19 19 6
WATER SUPPLY Sources closed or discontinued One NEW SERVICES PROVIDED By Local Authority	Number of houses Number of houses Number of houses (a) Internal Tap (b) Standpipe		367 76 371 2861 18

FACTORIES ACT'S, 1937 AND 1948

There are in the district 22 factories and workshops. The following table gives details of the inspections made and the defects found during 1953.

There are no outworkers in the district.

1.—INSPECTIONS for the purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors).

			Number of	
Premises	Number on Register	Inspections	Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
 (i) Factories in which Sections 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities 1. 2. 3. 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities (iii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (ii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the 	10	7	4	
Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises)	1	1.		
Total	22	19	8	

	Number of	Number of				
Particulars		Found	Remedied	Refe To H.M. Inspector	cases in which prosecutions were instituted	
Want of cleanliness		4	4			
Overcrowding		400				
Unreasonable temperature						
Sanitary Conveniences: (a) Insufficient	• •			Montage		
(b) Unsuitable or defective		3	3			
(c) Not separate for sexes			**************************************			
Other offences against the Act			-			
Total		7	7			

SECTION D

HOUSING

With State

Assistance

Unaided

Total

128

Number of New Houses erected during the Year:-

Houses completed during the year

Applications forwarded to Ministry ...

Applications rejected by Ministry

(c) (d)

(e)

(f)

	(a) By Local Authority, Permanent
А.	CLOSING AND DEMOLITION OF HOUSES Formal Action
	(1) Number of houses demolished during 1953 as a result of Clearance Schemes or other formal action
-	(Number of houses included in above which were from pre-war confirmed Clearance Areas Number of houses closed but not demolished as a result of formal action
В.	Informal Action
	(1) Number of houses permanently discontinued as dwellings as a result of informal action and not included above
	RECONDITIONING AND REPAIR
	Number of houses made fit during 1953 by precedure under either Housing or Public Health Acts:
	(a) As a result of informal action
	(b) By owners as a result of statutory notice
	IMPROVEMENT GRANTS, HOUSING ACT, 1949 No. Separa Housing
	(a) Applications submitted to Local Authority during year (b) Applications rejected by Local Authority

SECTION E

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

MILK SUPPLY

Number of Registered Dairies	 	 	 • • •	 3
Number of Registered Distributors	 	 	 	 7

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

All slaughtering is done at Ashington under the Ministry of Food.

The following is a statement of foodstuffs which were voluntarily surrendered to me during the year and found to be unfit for human consumption: -

								Legal
Unsound Food	d					Surrendered	Seized	Proceedings
Canned Goods			Tins or	cases		413		
Cheese			lbs.			5 lbs.		
Beef Sausage			lbs.			53 lbs.		
Pork Sausage			lbs.			13 lbs.		_
Belgian Sugar			lbs.			220 .lbs.		
Slab Cake			lbs.			30 lbs.		_
Carlanad face	detuffe	270	removed	and bu	ried	on the Council's refuse	tip.	

Condemned foodstuffs are removed and buried on the Council's re

SECTION F

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES Hospital accommodation for cases of infectious disease is now provided by the Regional Hospital Board at Walkergate Hospital, Newcastle.

TABLE SHOWING ANALYSIS OF NOTIFIED CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES UNDER AGE GROUPS

	Age Unknown	Under 1 year	1-2 years	3-4 years	5-9 years	10 - 14 years	15 - 19 years	20 - 34 years	35 - 44 years	45 - 64 years	65 years and over	Total	Admitted to Hospital	Deaths
Scarlet fever Pneumonia Measles Food Poisoning	1 -		1 - 35 -	5 — 35 —	10 1 19 —	2 	1 - -	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ - \end{bmatrix}$			4	20 15 94 1	_ _ _ 1	4

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

There was no significant outbreak of any of the notifiable infectious diseases in 1953. The only one which was at all prevalent was Measles, 94 cases of which were notified. Almost all of these occurred during the month of January and represented the final stage of the epidemic which began in November, 1952.

DIPHTHERIA

No case of this disease has occurred since 1950 and there has been no death from this cause during the past 6 years.

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION

During the year, 167 children completed a course of primary immunisation and 136 received re-inforcing injections.

It is estimated that, at 31st December, 1953, 54.79% of pre-school children and 83.82% of all children under 15 years of age had completed a course of immunisations at some time.

The immunity index, i.e., the percentage of children who had completed a primary course of treatment or had received a re-inforcing injection in the previous 5 years, was:—

13.6 for children under 1 year.

65.4 for children aged i to 4 years.

54.2 for children aged 5-14 years.

54.4 for all children under the age of 15 years.

These figures should be materially increased at the end of 1954 as visits for the purpose of immunisation will be paid during the year to all schools in the district. Some, at least, of the schools would have been visited during 1953, but for the fact that the Medical Officer of Health was absent from duty for a considerable time owing to illness, and, consequently, the large amount of extra work which developed on the Assistant Medical Officer seriously interfered with the progress of immunisation.

The following table shows the continuing decline of Diphtheria in England and Wales:-

Year			Deaths			Cases
1944			934			23,199
1945			722			18,596
1946			472		• • •	11,986
1947	• • •		244		• • •	5,609
1948			156		• • •	3,575
1949	• • •		84			1,890
1950			49			962
1951	* * *	* * *	34	• • •		699
1952		• • •	31	• • •		375
19 5 3			24*			240*

^{*} Provisional

The average annual number of deaths for the 10-year period 1931-1940 was 2,800.

These figures indicate the continuing success of the campaign against diphtheria, but there is a danger that this very success will lead parents to assume that this disease is no longer a menace. Diphtheria is now an uncommon disease, but if preventive efforts were relaxed there might be a return of serious outbreaks. During 1953 there were, in some parts of the country, sharp reminders that "Diphtheria Still Kills".

The following table, which includes figures obtained from the Registrar-General's return S.D.55, shows the comparative figures of notifications of certain diseases in England and Wales, the 160 Smaller Towns and Newbiggin:—

	Cases	Rate per 1.000 of the population					
Diseases	notified in the district	Newbiggin	England & Wales				
Scarlet Fever	20 94 15	2.02 9.48 1.51	1.44 12.32 0.76	1.39 12.36 0.84			

TUBERCULOSIS

				New Cases							Deaths				
					Re	sp.	Non-I	Resp.		Re	sp.	Non-Resp.			
					M.	F.	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Μ.	F.	Total	
Under 1 year			• • •	• • •	,										
1 - 4 years					1				1						
5 - 14 years												_		_	
15 - 24 years						1			1			_			
25 - 34 years									_			_			
35 - 44 years															
45 - 54 years					1				1						
55 - 64 years									_		_				
65 - 74 years	4 * *									—					
75 years and over	· · · ·								_		_	_			
		-	Total		2	1			3						

Death rate from Tuberculosis		 	Nil
Case rate of Tuberculosis		 	0.30 per 1,000 population
Case rate of Pulmonary Tuberculosis		 	0.30 per 1,000 population
Case rate of Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis	4 • •	 	Nil

Only three new cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis were notified during 1953, a reduction of 1 on the number for 1952. No case of Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis was notified.

No death due to Tuberculosis occurred during the year.

MALIGNANT NEOPLASMS

The following table shows the deaths, in age-groups, resulting from Malignant Neoplasms of different sites:—

MORTALITY FROM MALIGNANT NEOPLASMS

				MAL	.E.S			FEMALES					
			45-54		75 +	Total	35-44	45-54	55-64	75 ÷	Total		
Larynx					1	1							
Lung and Br		S	1			1			1		1		
D							ĺ	1	_		2		
Stomach									1	1	2		
Bowel					() m:	2		_		1	1		
Bladder			1			1							
Prostate				1	1	2							
Uterus		• • •		_	mental same	_	—	1	1		2		
1	Total		2	1	4	7	1	2	3	2	8		

In 1953 the number of males dying from this cause was 7 and the number of females 8. The corresponding figures for 1952 were 14 and 8 respectively.

Death Rate from Malignant Neoplasms: 1.51 per 1,000 population.

ANNUAL REPORTS OF MEDICAL OFFICERS OF HEALTH — 1953 VITAL STATISTICS

Birth-rates, Death-rates, Analysis of Mortality, Maternal Mortality and Case-rates for Certain Infectious Diseases in the Year 1953. Provisional figures based on Quarterly Returns

	England and Wales	160 County Boroughs and Great Towns (including London) a	160 Smaller Towns (Resident Population 25,000-50,000 t 1951 Census)	London Administrative Count y
Births	Rate	es per 1,000 l	Home Populat	ion
Live Births	15.5 0.35 22.4 (a)	17.0 0.43 24.8 (a)	15.7 0.34 21.4 (a)	17.5 0.38 21.0 (a)
All Causes Typhoid and paratyphoid Whooping Cough Diphtheria Tuberculosis Influenza Smallpex Acute poliomyelitis (incl. polioencephalitis) Pneumonia	11.4 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.20 0.16 0.00 0.01 0.55	12.2 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.24 0.15 0.00 0.01 0.59	11.3 0.00 0.00 0.19 0.17 0.00 0.01 0.52	12.5
			0.02	0.01
Notifications (Corrected) Typhoid fever Paratyphoid fever Meningococcal infection Scarlet Fever Whooping cough Diphtheria Erysipelas Smallpox Measles Pneumonia Acute poliomyelitis (incl. polioencephalitis) Paralytic Non-paralytic Food Poisoning Puerperal pyrexia	0.00 0.01 0.03 1.39 3.58 0.01 0.14 0.00 12.36 0.84 0.07 0.04 0.24 18.23 (a)	0.00 0.01 0.04 1.50 3.72 0.01 0.14 0.00 11.27 0.92 0.06 0.03 0.25 24.33 (a) tes per 1,000	0.00 0.01 0.03 1.44 3.38 0.01 0.13 0.00 12.32 0.76 0.06 0.04 0.24 12.46 (a)	0.01 0.03 1.02 3.30 0.12 8.09 0.73 0.07 0.03 0.38 28.61 (a)
All causes under 1 year of age Enteritis and diarrhoea under 2 years of age	26.8 (b) 1.1	$\frac{30.8}{1.3}$	$\frac{24.3}{0.9}$	24.8 1.1
Maternal Mortality Intermediate List No. and cause All5 Sepsis of pregnancy, childbirth and the	in England Numbof Death	er Rate Total	es per 1,000 (Live and 1) Births	Rates per million women aged 15-44
puerperium Abortion with toxaemia Al16 Other toxaemias of pregnancy and the puerperium Al17 Haemorrhage of pregnancy and childbirth Al18 Abortion without mention of sepsis or toxaemia Al19 Abortion with sepsis	7 166 90 ia 30 39		0.10 0.01 0.24 0.13 0.04 0.06	1 — — 3 4
A120 Other complications of pregnancy, childbirt	h 195		0.18	

⁽a) Per 1,000 Total (Live and Still) Births.

125

0.18

and the puerperium

⁽b) Per 1,000 related live births.





